# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1

**County of Mercer** 

REPORT OF AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1

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Introductory Section

# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS

## Schuyler Morehouse Chairman

Paul Evans Treasurer

**Greg Davies Secretary** 

Mark Bovenizer Commissioner

Mel Myers Commissioner Financial Section

#### INVERSO & STEWART, LLC

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

651 Route 73 North, Suite 402 Marlton, New Jersey 08053 (856) 983-2244 Fax (856) 983-6674 E-Mail: <u>Isepas@concentric.net</u> -Member of-American Institute of CPAs New Jersey Society of CPAs

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Fire Commissioners Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 County of Mercer Hopewell, New Jersey

#### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1, in the County of Mercer, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Fire District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1, in the County of Mercer, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1's basic financial statements. The related major fund supporting statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules previously referred to are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated June 2, 2017 on my consideration of the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

INVERSO & STEWART, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Robert P. Inverso

Certified Public Accountant

Marlton, New Jersey June 2, 2017

#### INVERSO & STEWART, LLC

**Certified Public Accountants** 

651 Route 73 North, Suite 402 Marlton, New Jersey 08053 (856) 983-2244 Fax (856) 983-6674 E-Mail: Iscpas@concentric.net -Member of-American Institute of CPAs New Jersey Society of CPAs

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Fire Commissioners Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 County of Mercer Hopewell, New Jersey

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1, in the County of Burlington, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated June 2, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hopewell Borough Fire District No.1's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Fire District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey in considering the Fire District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

INVERSO & STEWART, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Robert P. Inverso

Certified Public Accountant

Marlton, New Jersey June 2, 2017 Required Supplementary Information - Part I

Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

As management of the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1, New Jersey (Fire District), we offer readers of the Fire District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Fire District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Fire District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$340,137.
- Governmental activities have unrestricted net position of \$195,200.
- The total net position of the Fire District decreased by \$99,993 or a 22.72% decrease from the prior fiscal year-end balance.
- Fund balance of the Fire District's governmental funds increased by \$9,035 resulting in an ending fund balance of \$94,897. This increase is due to the results of operations in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

#### Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Fire District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) District-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **District-wide Financial Statements**

The *district-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the financial activities in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The district-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information about all of the Fire District's assets and liabilities. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Over time, changes in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Fire District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the net assets of the Fire District changed during the current fiscal year. Changes in net assets are recorded in the statement of activities when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement even though the resulting cash flows may be recorded in a future period.

Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Fire District that are supported from taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Governmental activities consolidate governmental funds including the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific objectives. All of the funds of the Fire District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same information reported in the governmental activities of the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term financial resources and fund balances. Such information may be useful in evaluating the financing requirements in the near term.

Since the governmental funds and the governmental activities report information using the same functions, it is useful to compare the information presented. Because the focus of each report differs, a reconciliation is provided on the fund financial statements to assist the reader in comparing the near-term requirements with the long-term needs.

The Fire District maintains three individual governmental funds. The major funds are the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. They are presented separately in the fund financial statements.

The Fire District adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with budgetary requirements.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

#### District-wide Financial Analysis

The assets of the Fire District are classified as current assets and capital assets. Cash, investments, and receivables are current assets. These assets are available to provide resources for the near-term operations of the Fire District.

Capital assets are used in the operations of the Fire District. These assets are land, buildings, improvements, equipment and vehicles. Capital assets are discussed in greater detail in the section titled, Capital Assets and Debt Administration, elsewhere in this analysis.

Current and long-term liabilities are classified based on anticipated liquidation either in the near-term or in the future. Current liabilities include accounts payable and current debt obligations. The liquidation of current liabilities is anticipated to be either from currently available resources, current assets or new resources that become available during fiscal year 2017.

An investment of \$245,240 in equipment which provides the services to the Fire District's citizens is offset by \$166,092 in related debt obligations. Net position of \$44,500 has been restricted for future capital outlays and \$21,289 is designated for debt service.

#### Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

		<u>2016</u>	2015
Assets: Current assets Capital assets	\$	356,030 245,240	\$ 310,297 361,166
Total assets Liabilities:		601,270	671,463
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	-	261,133	231,333
Total liabilities		261,133	231,333
Total Net Position	\$	340,137	\$ 440,130
Net position consist of: Net investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	79,148 65,789 195,200	\$ 166,040 55,789 218,301
Total Net Position	\$	340,137	\$ 440,130

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the net position of the Fire District by \$99,993 during the current fiscal year. Key elements of the increase in net position for governmental activities are as follows:

- Net increase of \$9,035 due to results of operation of the Governmental Funds
- Net increase of \$6,899 due to the reduction of debt.
- Net decrease of \$115,927 in depreciation expense.

#### Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	 2016	2015		
Revenues:				
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes	\$ 185,767	\$ 180,646		
Municipal Assistance	237,856	274,808		
Other Revenues	 1,612	1,638		
Total Revenues	 425,235	457,092		
Expenses:				
Governmental Activities:				
Administration	34,460	33,038		
Cost of Operations	368,182	325,093		
Interest on long-term				
Debt	6,659	10,045		
Unallocated	 115,927	 116,417		
Total Expenses	 525,228	484,593		
Changes in net position	 (99,993)	(27,501)		
Net Position, January 1	 440,130	467,631		
Net Position, December 31	\$ 340,137	\$ 440,130		

#### Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the Fire District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the Fire District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Fire District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Fire District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$94,897, an increase of \$9,035 in comparison with the prior year.

The fund balance for the Fire District at the end of the fiscal year includes a combination of an unreserved fund balance for the General Fund of \$195,200, a deficit of \$166,092 for the Capital Projects Fund, \$21,289 of debt service fund balance reserved for other purposes and \$44,500 restricted for future capital outlays.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was \$195,200 and the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$239,700. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Actual expenditures of the General Fund including other financing uses amounted to \$402,642. Unassigned fund balance represents 48.48% of expenditures while total fund balance represents 59.53%.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The Fire District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2016, totaled \$245,240 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes equipment. The decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$115,927, or 32.10%.

#### Capital Asset (net of accumulated depreciation) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	 2016	-	2015
Equipment	\$ 245,240	\$	361,167
Total	\$ 245,240	\$	361,167

Additional information on the Fire District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements (Note 4) of this report.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that the District may issue. At the end of the current fiscal year, the legal debt limit was \$6,354,407. The available amount as of December 31, 2016 is \$6,354,407.

Additional information on the Fire District's debt obligations can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements (Note 4) of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered and incorporated into the preparation of the Fire District's budget for the 2017 calendar year.

For the 2017 calendar year the Fire District local tax levy in the General Fund increased by \$9,627 or 5.18% resulting in no increase in the 2017 tax rate. Operating expenses continue to increase; however, the District has managed to control costs. The 2017 Budget is \$28,590 greater than the previous year or a 5.4% increase. The increase is due to the down payment on the new rescue pumper truck.

#### For the Future

The Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 is in good financial condition presently. However, a major concern is the continued growth of Hopewell Township, which comprises approximately 70% of the annual service calls, and the ability to provide quality service at an affordable cost.

In conclusion, the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. In addition, the Fire District's system for financial planning and budgeting are well regarded. The Fire District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fire District's finances for all those with an interest in the Fire District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1, Board of Fire Commissioners, P.O. Box 141, Hopewell, New Jersey, 08525.

Basic Financial Statements

District-Wide Financial Statements

# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Statement of Net Position December 31, 2016

	ernmental ctivities
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Capital assets, net (Note 4)	\$ 353,027 3,003 245,240
Total assets	 601,270
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due beyond one year	95,041 166,092
Total liabilities	 261,133
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Debt Service Unrestricted	79,148 44,500 21,289 195,200
Total net position	\$ 340,137

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016 HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Statement of Activities

			ם מים מים	Program Revenues	Net (E Reve Changes in	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Indirect		Operating		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Allocation	Services	Contributions	Act	Activities
Governmental activities:						
Administration:		,	,	•	•	1
Other expenses	\$ 34,460	s	ι <del>(/</del>	٠ ج	<del>69</del>	(34,460)
Cost of Operations:						
Maintenance and repairs	67,522					(67,522)
Vehicle fuel	989'8					(8,686)
Insurance	75,570					(75,570)
Building Rent	20,000					(20,000)
Training	17,242					(17,242)
Other expenses:						1
Computer	430					(430)
Uniforms	19,443					(19,443)
Ladies Auxiliary	2,000					(2,000)
Community services	529					(529)
Volunteer administration	1,364					(1,364)
Personnel	41,000					(41,000)
Fire department budget	9,474					(9,474)
Fire department administration	5,000					(2'000)
EMU budget	6,408					(6,408)
Service awards	1,548					(1,548)
Purchase of nonbondable assets	70,435					(70,435)
Length of service award program	21,531					(21,531)
Dept Service:	4					(0000)
interest and other charges	6,659					(BCG'G)
Unallocated		115,927				(115,927)
Total governmental activities	409,301	115,927				(525,228)
Total primary government	\$ 409,301	\$ 115,927	<del>(</del>	φ	s	(525,228)
	100000					
	General revenues.	es. Taver				
		nakes. District taxes le	nes. District taxes levied for general purposes, net	urposes, net		185,767
		Enders and State aid not restricted	aid not restricted			1 001
		receial allo state all Minicinal assistance	מות זוסר ובשתוכנכת פר			237,856
		Miscellaneous income	me			611
	Total general re	evenues, special ite	ems, extraordinary	Total general revenues, special items, extraordinary items and transfers		425,235
	Change in Net Position	et Position				(66,863)
	Net Position—January 1	1 Visions				440,130
	Net Position—December 31	Secember 31			မာ	340,137

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Fund Financial Statements

# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2016

	=								
ASSETS	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$ 331,738 3,003	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,289	\$ 353,02° 3,00°				
Total assets	\$ 334,741	\$ -	\$	\$ 21,289	\$ 356,030				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	95,041		166,092		\$ 95,04 166,09				
Total liabilities	95,041		166,092		261,13				
Fund Balances: Restriced Fund Balance: Reserved for future capital outlays Assigned Fund Balance: Other puposes Unassigned	44,500 195,200		(166,092)	21,289	44,50 21,28 29,10				
Total fund balances	239,700		(166,092)	21,289	94,89				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 334,741	\$ -		\$ 21,289					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources									
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not infancial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$2,021,899 and the accumulated depreciation is \$1,776,659.									
	Net position of governmental	activities			\$ 340,13				

# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

	eneral Fund	Rev	ecial enue und	Capital Projects Fund	S	Debt ervice Fund	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES:	 			 				
Local sources:								
Local tax levy	\$ 150,073	\$	-	\$ -	\$	35,694	\$	185,767
Municipal assistance	237,856			•				237,856
Miscellaneous	611			 				611
Missolianosas	 							101.001
Total revenues-local sources	388,540					35,694		424,234
								1,001
State sources	 1,001			 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1,001
	200 544					35,694		425,235
Total revenues	 389,541	-		 				
EXPENDITURES:								
Current expense:								
Administration:								34,460
Other expenses	34,460							04,400
Cost of Operations:								67,522
Maintenance and repairs	67,522							8,686
Vehicle Fuel	8,686							75,570
Insurance	75,570							20,000
Building Rent	20,000							17,242
Training	17,242							17,2.1.
Other expenses:								430
Computer services	430							19,443
Uniforms	19,443							2,000
Ladies Auxiliary	2,000							529
Community services	529							1,364
Volunteer administration	1,364							41,000
Personnel	41,000							9,474
Fire department budget	9,474							5,000
Fire department administration	5,000							6,408
EMU budget	6,408							1,548
Service awards	1,548							20,467
Purchase of nonbondable assets	20,467							21,531
Length of service award program	21,531							49,968
Capital Appropriations	49,968					35,694		35,694
Debt service	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			 				
Total expenditures	 402,642			 		35,694		438,336
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								(13,101)
(under) expenditures	(13,101)							(13,101)
Other Financing Courses (Upop)								
Other Financing Sources (uses)				22,136				22,136
Principal Payments - Bond Anticipation Notes	 			 				
Total Other Financing Sources				 22,136				22,136
Total Galor Financing Servers	 			 				0.005
Net Change in Fund Balances	(13,101)			22,136				9,035
	252 901			(188,228)		21,289		85,862
Fund balances, January 1	 252,801			 				
Fund balances, December 31	 239,700	\$		\$ (166,092)	<u>\$</u>	21,289		94,897

# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (from B-2)	\$ 9,035
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures.  However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current fiscal year.  Depreciation expense  Capital outlay  (115,927)	 (115,927)
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is reported in the statement of activities.	 6,899
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (99,993)

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Description of Reporting Entity** - Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 is located in Mercer County, New Jersey. It is a political subdivision of the Borough of Hopewell and was formed through the adoption of a Borough ordinance. As of the 2010 United States Census, the Borough's population was 1,924. A Board of five commissioners oversees all operations of the Fire District. The length of each commissioner's term is three years with the annual election held the third Saturday of every February.

Fire districts are governed by N.J.S.A. 40A:14-70 et al. and are organized as a taxing District charged with the responsibility of providing fire fighting services to the residents within its territorial location. Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 has one fire company within its jurisdiction.

Component Units - GASB Statement No. 14 and GASB No. 39, provide guidance that all entities associated with a primary government are potential component units and should be evaluated for inclusion in the financial reporting entity. A primary government is financially accountable not only for the organizations that meet the criteria established by GASB statements No. 14 and No. 39. In addition, GASB Statement No. 61, provides additional guidance for organizations that do not meet the financial accountability criteria for inclusion as component units but that nevertheless should be included because the primary government's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them. As of December 31, 2016, it has been determined by the District that no component units exist.

Basis of Presentation -The financial statements of the Fire District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

The district's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Elimination's have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses are not allocated to programs. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level reporting. The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental Fund - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Fire District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Fire District and is used to account for all expendable financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as fire fighting apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the General Fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures.

**Special Revenue Fund** - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as state or federal government grants and appropriations that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities such as fire houses. The financial resources are derived from temporary notes or serial bonds which are specifically authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

**Debt Service Fund** - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources that will be used to service principal and interest payments on general long-term liabilities.

#### Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Fire District are included on the statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance reports on the sources (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

**Basis of Accounting** - Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues and Expenses - Revenues are recorded when they are determined to be available and measurable. Generally, fees and other non-tax revenues are recognized when received. Grants from other governments are recognized when qualifying expenditures are incurred. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds

Fire District Taxes - Upon the proper certification to the assessor of the municipality in which the Fire District is located, the assessor shall assess the amount of taxes to be raised in support of the Fire District's budget in the same manner as all other municipal taxes. The collector or treasurer of the municipality shall then pay over to the treasurer or custodian of funds of the Fire District the taxes assessed in accordance with the following schedule: on or before April 1, an amount equaling 21.25% of all moneys assessed; on or before July 1, an amount equaling 22.5% of all moneys assessed; on or before October 1, an amount equaling 25% of all moneys assessed; and on or before December 31, an amount equaling the difference between the total of all moneys so assessed and the total amount of moneys previously paid over.

Budgets/Budgetary Control - The Fire District must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.1 et al.

The fire commissioners must introduce and approve the annual budget not later than sixty days prior to the annual election. At introduction, the commissioners shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the Fire District. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the fire commissioners may, by majority vote, adopt the budget. Amendments may be made to the Fire District budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.3. The budget may not be amended subsequent to its final adoption and approval, except for provisions allowed by N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.3.

Subsequent to the adoption of the Fire District budget, the amount of money to be raised by taxation in support of the Fire District budget must appear on the ballot for the annual election for the approval of the legal voters. If the voters reject the budget, the Borough Council is required to review and determine the annual budget. Amounts reported under the final budget on Exhibits C-1 and I-3, include modifications to the adopted budget that were made during the year as approved by the Board of Commissioners.

**Encumbrances** - Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at fiscal year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, for which the Fire District has received advances, are reflected in the balance sheet as deferred revenues at fiscal year end.

The encumbered appropriation carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the adopted budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds and cash on deposit with public depositories. All certificates of deposit are recorded as cash regardless of the date of maturity. Investments are stated at cost. Consequently, unrealized gain or loss on investments has not been recorded in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31.

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# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued) - New Jersey municipal units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey municipal units. In addition, other State statutes permit investments in obligations issued by local utilities and other state agencies.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"), a multiple financial institutional collateral pool, which was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in or having a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

The cash management plan adopted by the Fire District requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Act.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses - Inventories and prepaid expenses which benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the enterprise funds, are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables / Payables - Short-term interfund receivables / payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the Fire District and that are due within one year. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the Statement of Net Position

#### Capital Assets

These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The Fire District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The Fire District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not. All reported capital assets except land, land improvements and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Class	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings Building Improvements Machinery and Equipment Vehicles	30 years 20 years 5-20 years 5-20 years

N.J.S.A. 40A:14-84 governs the procedures for the acquisition of property and equipment for Fire Districts, and N.J.S.A. 40A:14-85 to 87 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to such purchases. In summary, Fire districts may purchase fire fighting apparatus and equipment and land and buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding 5 mils on the dollar of the last assessed valuation of property within the district upon the approval of the legal voters. Debt may be issued up to \$60,000 or two percent (2%) of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unearned Revenue - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied and are recorded as a liability until the revenue is both measurable and the Fire District is eligible to realize the revenue.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations - All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

**Net Position** - Net position represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified into the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted** – Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Fire District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or law or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – Net position is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two componenets of net position.

It is the Fire District's policy to apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

Fund Balance – The Fire District reports fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Fire District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The Fire District's classifications, and policies for determining such classifications, are as follows:

**Nonspendable** – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories and prepaid amounts.

**Restricted** – This fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources either by being (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – This fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Fire District's highest level of decision making authority, which for the Fire District is the Board of Fire Commissioners. Once committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Fire Commissioners removes, or changes, the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

**Assigned** – This fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Fire District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Fire Commissioners has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** — This fund balance classification is the residual classification for the General Fund. It represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, it is the Fire District's policy to spend restricted fund balances first. Likewise, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, it is the policy of the Fire District to spend fund balances, if appropriate, in the following order: committed, assigned, then unassigned.

**Interfunds** – Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed.

**Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements – In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, which will enhance the comparability of pension-related information reported by employers and nonemployer contributing entities. This Statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016 and will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement also includes requirements to address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing defined benefit OPEB through OPEB plans that are not administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria. This Statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016 and will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Continued) - In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. This Statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017 and will not have any effect on the District's financial reporting.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. This Statement amends Statements 67 and 68 to instead require the presentation of covered payroll, defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based, and ratios that use that measure. Furthermore, this Statement clarifies that a deviation, as the term is used in Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice is not considered to be in conformity with the requirements of Statement 67, Statement 68, or Statement 73 for the selection of assumptions used in determining the total pension liability and related measures. Also, this Statement clarifies that payments that are made by an employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements should be classified as plan member contributions for purposes of Statement 67 and as employee contributions for purposes of Statement 68. It also requires that an employer's expense and expenditures for those amounts be recognized in the period for which the contribution is assessed and classified in the same manner as the employer classifies similar compensation other than pensions (for example, as salaries and wages or as fringe benefits). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the District's financial statements.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Continued) - In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain AROs, including obligations that may not have been previously reported. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring disclosures related to those AROs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the District's financial statements.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhances the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement 85, Omnibus 2017. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements. Consistent reporting will improve the usefulness of information for users of state and local government financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this Statement on the District's financial statements.

#### NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits – Custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be recovered. Although the Fire District does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Unit. Under the Act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the municipality in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled trust funds such as salary withholdings or funds that may pass to the Fire District relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are shown as uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the Fire District's amount on deposit of \$367,376 as of December 31, 2016, \$250,000 was insured under FDIC and the remaining balance of \$117,376 was collateralized under GUDPA.

#### 3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the Fire District's individual major and fiduciary funds, in the aggregate, are as follows:

		General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	_	Capital Projects Funds	_	Total
Other Receivables	\$_	3,003	\$_		\$_		\$	3,003
Total Accounts Receivable	\$_	3,003	\$_		\$_	<u>.</u>	\$_	3,003

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2015	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance December 31, 2016
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Site Improvements				
Building and Building Improvements	\$ 2,021,899			\$ 2,021,899
Equipment  Totals at historical cost	2,021,899			2,021,899
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Site Improvements				
Building and Building Improvements		φ (115 027)		(1,776,659)
Equipment	(1,660,732)	\$ (115,927)		(1,776,659)
Totals accumulated depreciation	(1,660,732)	(115,927)		(1,770,035)
Total Capital Assets, being	361,167	(115,927)		245,240
depreciated, net	301,107	(113,527)		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$361,167	\$(115,927)		\$245,240

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$115,927 was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Function	 Amount		
Unallocated	\$ 115,927		
Total	\$ 115,927		

#### 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the following changes occurred in debt obligations:

	Principal Outstanding <u>January 1,</u> <u>Additions</u> <u>2016</u>	Reductions	Principal Outstanding December 31, 2016	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Loan Payable	\$\$	6,899	\$	\$

Serial Bonds Payable - As of December 31, 2016 the District had no serial bonds outstanding.

#### 6. SHORT-TERM DEBT

#### **Bond Anticipation Notes Payable**

The District issues bond anticipation notes to temporarily fund various capital projects. The term of the notes can not exceed one year from the date of issuance, however the notes may be renewed from time to time for a period not to exceed one year. Generally, such notes must be paid no later than the first day of the fifth month following the close of the tenth fiscal year following the date of the original notes.

As of December 31, 2016, the District had outstanding bond anticipation notes as follows:

Purpose	Amount O	utstanding	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		
Self Contained Breathing Apparatus Fire Truck	· ·	36,173 29,919	3.50% 3.50%	December 14, 2017 March 21, 2017		

#### 7. PENSION PLANS

The District has no employees and therefore does not participate in the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP).

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health and accident claims; and natural disasters. The District has chosen to purchase insurance to transfer risk to outside parties.

Property and Liability Insurance – The District maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including property, liability, and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 9. PROPERTY TAXES

The following is a five year comparison of certain statistical information relative to property taxes and property tax collections for the current and previous four years.

#### Comparative Schedule of Tax Rates

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
Tax Rate	\$ .060	\$ .060	\$ .051	\$ .06	\$ .05	

#### **Assessed Valuation**

2016 2015	\$ 317,720,355	318,551,155				
2014			\$ 342,882,955	0.40.000.055		
2013				\$ 342,882,955		247 221 055
2012					Ф	347,221,855

#### 10. FUND BALANCES

The Fire District has classified its fund balances with the following hierarchy:

Nonspendable - The Fire District does not have any nonspendable funds.

Spendable - The Fire District has classified the spendable fund balances as Restricted, Assigned and Unassigned and considered each to have been spent when expenditures are incurred. The Fire District currently has no funds classified as Committed.

Restricted Items:

#### General Fund:

Reserve for Future Capital Outlays - As of December 31, 2016, the balance in the Reserve for Future Capital Outlays is \$44,500.

Assigned:

#### **Debt Service Fund:**

Other Purposes – At December 31, 2016 the Fire District has \$21,289 of encumbrances outstanding for purchase orders and contracts signed by the Fire District, but not completed, as of the close of the fiscal year.

#### Hopewell Borough Fire District No. 1 Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

### 10. FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Unassigned:

#### General Fund:

The balance at December 31, 2016 is \$195,200.

#### Capital Projects Fund:

The Fire District has an accumulated deficit of \$166,092 as of December 31, 2016. This deficit is the result of utilizing temporary financing to fund expenditures for certain capital projects. As the Fire District permanently finances these appropriations the Fire district will realize as revenue the proceeds of the financing. This deficit does not indicate that the Fire District is facing financial difficulties and is a permitted practice under generally accepted accounting principles.

The following presents the assigned and unassigned fund balance as of the last five years and the amount utilized in the subsequent year's budget.

<u>Year</u>		Balance Dec. 31,	Utilized In Budget Of Succeeding Year	Percentage Budget of Succeeding Year
2016	\$	195,200 \$	-0-	-0-%
2015	•	218,301	-0-	-0-%
2014		210,317	-0-	-0-%
2013		168,353	-0-	-0-%
2012		126,127	-0-	-0-%

# 11. LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM

On February 19, 2000 the voters of the Fire District approved a Length of Service Awards Program (LOSAP), pursuant to Section 457 (e)(11)(13) of the Internal Service Code of 1986, as amended, except for provisions added by reason of the Length of Service Award Program as enacted into federal law in 1997. The Plan provides tax deferred income benefits to active volunteers of the District.

Amount deferred under Section 457 plans must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participating members and not accessible by the Fire District or its creditors.

As required by N.J.A.C. 5:30-14.49, the Fire District must have an annual review of its LOSAP performed in accordance with Statements for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Required Supplementary Information - Part II

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

#### HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual	
REVENUES: Local sources: District Tax Municipal Assist from Adjoining Municipality Miscellaneous	\$ 149,972 340,127	\$ -	\$ 149,972 340,127	\$ 150,073 237,856 611	\$ 101 (102,271) 611	
Total local sources	490,099		490,099	388,540	(101,559)	
State sources: Supplemental Fire Services Grant	1,001		1,001	1,001 1,001		
Total state sources	1,001_		1,001	1,001		
TOTAL REVENUES	491,100		491,100	389,541	(101,559)	
EXPENDITURES: GENERAL EXPENSE: Administration:						
Other Expenses: Office expense	9,800	50	11,350	10,845	505	
Office services	9,000	-	9,000	9,000 520	280	
Reimbursement of expenses	800	-	800 1,050	795	255	
Advertising Professional services	800 13,200	250 100	13,300	13,300		
Total Administration	33,600	400	35,500	34,460_	1,040	

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

(CONTINUED TO NEXT PAGE)

#### HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Continued from prior page)	Original Budget	Original Budget Budget Transfers		Actual	Variance Final to Actual	
Cost of Operations:						
Other Expenses:		<b>a</b> (0.700)	\$ 71,800	\$ 67,522	\$ 4,278	
Maintenance & Repairs	\$ 78,500	\$ (6,700)	9,500	8,686	814	
Vehicle Fuel	12,500	000	75,600	75,570	30	
Insurance	75,000	600	20,000	20,000	-	
Building Rent	20,000	(700)	17,300	17,242	58	
Training and Education	18,000	(700)	17,000	17,2		
Other Expenses:	4.000	(E00)	500	430	70	
Computer services	1,000	(500) 900	19,900	19,443	457	
Uniforms	19,000	900	2,000	2,000	-	
Ladies Auxiliary	2,000	(450)	550	529	21	
Community services	1,000	(450)	1,500	1,364	136	
Volunteer administration	1,500	(1,000)	42,000	41,000	1,000	
Personnel	43,000	900	9,900	9,474	426	
Fire department budget	9,000	900	5,000	5,000	-	
Fire department administration	5,000		7,000	6,408	592	
EMU budget	7,000	(450)	1,550	1,548	2	
Service awards	2,000	(450)	5,000	-,	5,000	
Contingency	5,000	8,500	20,500	20,467	33	
Purchase of nonbondable assets	12,000	- 0,000	20,000			
Total Other Expense	311,500	1,100	309,600	296,683	12,917	
	. 044 500	1,100	309,600	296,683	12,917	
Total Cost of Operations	311,500	1,100				
A CO I Award Danmon	86,000		86,000_	21,531	64,469	
Length of Service Award Program			-			
Canital Annopriations:						
Capital Appropriations: Refurbishing Ambulance	18,000		18,000	18,000		
Rescue Equipment	32,000		32,000	31,968	32	
Reserve for Future Capital Outlays	10,000		10,000		10,000	
Reserve for Future Capital Cuttays				40.000	40.020	
Total Capital Appropriations	60,000		60,000	49,968	10,032	
10th orthographical		4 500	491,100	402,642	88,458	
Total Expenditures	491,100	1,500	491,100	102,012		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	_		-	(13,101)	(13,101)	
Over (Under) Expenditures						
Fund Balance, January 1	252,801		252,801	252,801		
Turia balarios, carrent,		•	\$ 252,801	\$ 239,700	\$ (13,101)	
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 252,801	<u> </u>	\$ 252,801	Ψ 200,100		
Recapitulation of Fund Balance:						
Restriced Fund Balance:				\$ 44,500		
Reserve for Future Capital Outlays						
Assigned Fund Balance: Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures						
Designated for Subsequent Tear's Expenditures				195,200		
Unassigned Fund Balance						
Fund Balance per Governmental Funds (GAAP)				\$ 239,700		

See Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report for explanation of significant budget variances, original and final.

## HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison

# Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	General Fund		
Sources/inflows of resources  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedules  Difference - budget to GAAP: Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.	\$	389,541	
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	\$	389,541	
Uses/outflows of resources  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedule  Differences - budget to GAAP  Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received is reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.	\$	402,642	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	402,642	

Other Supplementary Information

Long-Term Debt Schedules

HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1
General Long-Term Debt Account Group
Statement of Loans Payable
December 31, 2016

Balance December 31, 2016	φ	€
Retired	\$ 6,898	\$ 6,898
penss		€
Balance January 1, 2016	\$ 6,898	\$ 6,898
Amount of Original Issue	\$ 34,494	
Interest Rate	%00.0	
Dated	8/10/2011	
	Special Services Vehicle	Total

# HOPEWELL BOROUGH FIRE DISTRICT NO.1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final to Actual
REVENUES: Local sources: Local tax levy Total revenues - local sources	\$ 35,795 35,795	\$ -	\$ 35,795 35,795	\$ 35,694 35,694	\$ (101) (101)
Total Revenues	35,795		35,795	35,694	(101)
EXPENDITURES: Regular debt service: Principal Interest  Total Expenditures	29,136 6,659 35,795		29,136 6,659 35,795	29,035 6,659 35,694	101
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-		-	-	
Fund Balances, January 1	21,289		21,289	21,289	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 21,289	\$ -	\$ 21,289	\$ 21,289	\$ -

General Comments and Recommendations

## SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

This section identifies the reportable conditions, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and with the requirements as prescribed by the Local Finance Board, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

None.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR REPORTABLE CONDITIONS AND OTHER FINDINGS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT

This section identifies the status of prior year audit findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

There were no prior year audit findings.

#### APPRECIATION

I express my appreciation for the assistance and courtesies extended to the audit team by the Fire District Commissioners during the course of the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

INVERSO & STEWART, LLC

Robert P. Inverso

Certified Public Accountant

Registered Municipal Accountant

June 2, 2017